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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/809,389 · 03/26/2004		Hajime Nakao	Q80691	7565
65565 SUGHRUE-265	7590 04/20/2007 3550		EXAMINER	
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVE. NW			WALKE, AMANDA C	
WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1752	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 04/20/2007		04/20/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date

6) Other:

Application/Control Number: 10/809,389

Art Unit: 1752

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kodama et al (EP 1179750).

Kodama et al disclose a positive photoresist composition comprising a resin, a solvent, nitrogen-containing basic compound (page 82), a surfactant (page 85), and an acid generator (pages 7-20).

The resin of the reference appears to meet the instant claim limitations. Specifically, the reference clearly teaches monomer meeting the instant claim limitations, and appears to have almost identical teachings. For example, (IV) is clearly preferred in [0041], V-1 to V-4 in [0049], and AII in [0114] along with various acrylic and methacrylic monomers. It is also noted that all of the monomers are either methacrylic or acrylic and examples of both are widely disclosed. Furthermore, the reference presents a number of suggested resins such as resin 36, which meets the claim limitations with the exception of the adamantyl group which is substituted with an ethyl group in the "1" position which does not meet the limitations of AII. However, in section [0114] these monomers are taught to be equivalent to those having subtituents in the instantly claimed positions. One such monomer is employed in a resin having similar repeat units to that of 36. In resin 34, a monomer meeting the limitations of AII is employed, and it would have been

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obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to prepare resin 36 choosing to employ the adamantyl group containing monomer of 34 in the place of 36 as they are taught by the reference to be equivalent. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add a lactone moiety which is preferred by the reference to any of monomers 6, 7, 13, or 14. With respect to the Tg requirement, the reference is silent with respect to a preferred Tg for the resin, however, given that the resins/ monomers taught by the reference are virtually the same as those instantly claimed, it is the position of the examiner absent evidence to the contrary, the resins of the reference meet the limitation.

With respect to the solvent, the reference clearly teaches the use of a mixed solvent in sections [0214] and [0215] and tables on pages 109 and 110. Sample #69 employs a mixed solvent of cyclohexanone (cyclic ketone b) and ethyl lactate (alkyl lactate a), which appears to meet the instant claim limitations. The reference also suggests the use of cyclopentanone, gamma-butyrolactone, methyl ethyl ketone, and PGMEA.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 12/14/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant has argued that replacing the adamantyl-containing monomer of polymer 36 with that of polymer 34 of the Kodama reference would cause the polymer to lost its acid decomposition function. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Both monomers are (meth)acrylic monomers taught to be equivalent in the specification of the reference as stated above, and adding almost an identical monomer having substituents should not cause the polymer to lose its acid decomposition function. Furthermore, the polymers 6, 7, 13, 14, are cited for their lactone monomers, and their teaching to employ them in similar resins, for example add them to polymer

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Application/Control, Number: 10/809,389

Art Unit: 1752

36. When this was done, the polymer would still comprise two acrylate monomers and meet the limitations of the instant claims.

The rejection over the Sato reference and the double patenting rejections have been withdrawn in light of applicant's arguments and filing of a TD.

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amanda C. Walke whose telephone number is 571-272-1337. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 5:30-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on 571-272-1526. The fax phone number for the organization where this application of proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Amanda C Walke Primary Examiner 

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